



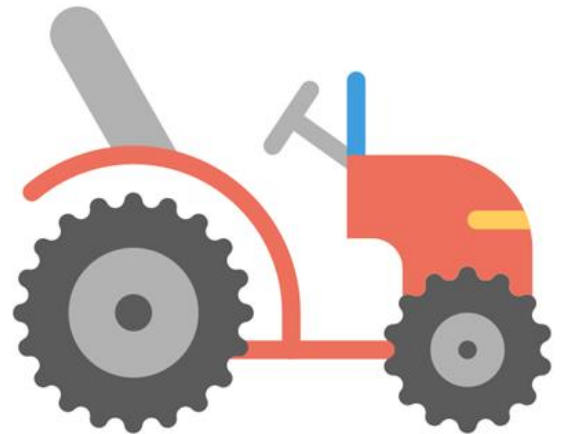
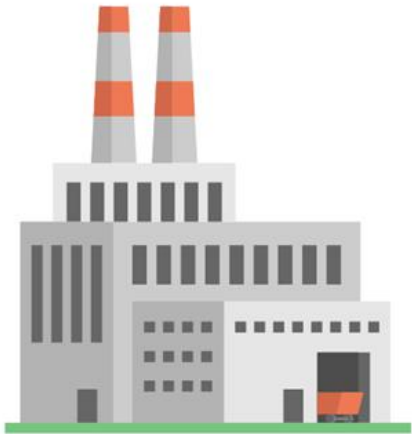
PRAYMER
HINGGIL SA



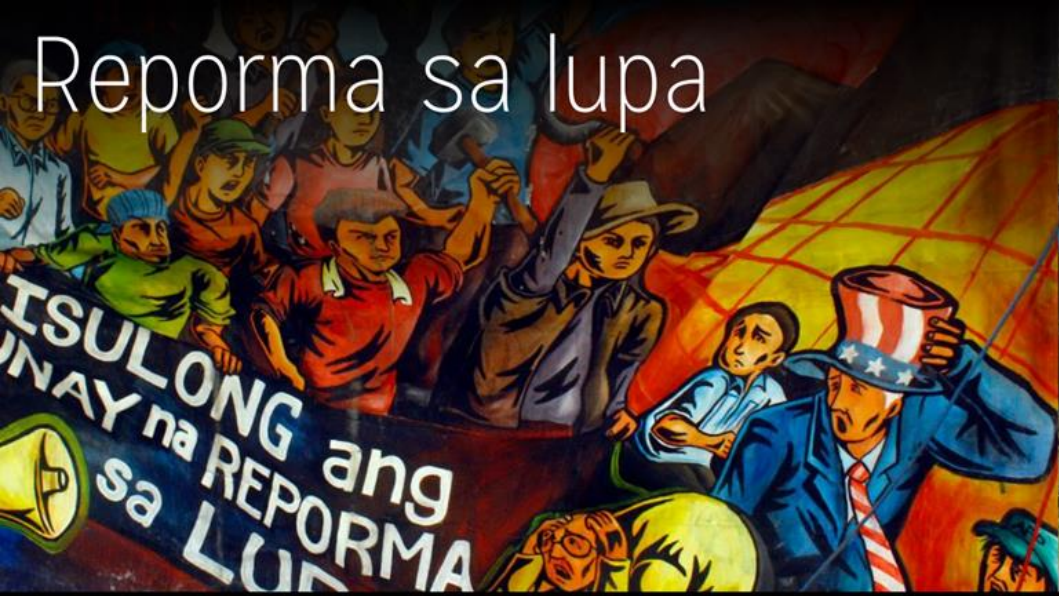
PAMBANSANG INDUSTRIYALISASYON



Ano ang pambansang industriyalisasyon?

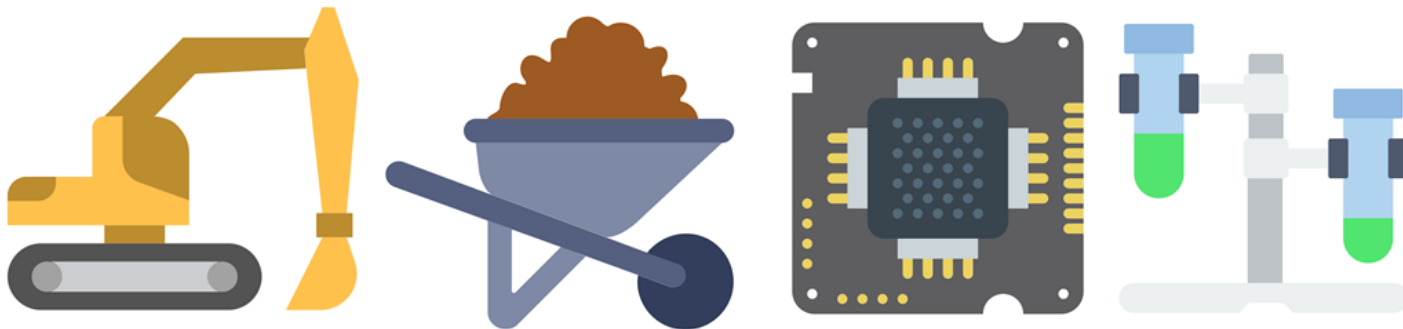


proseso ng **pagtatatag at pagpapaunlad ng mga industriya** na magpapasigla sa ekonomiya at **tutustos sa pang-ekonomiyang pangangailangan** ng isang bansa, tungo sa transpormasyon ng ekonomiya **mula agraryan patungong industriyal**



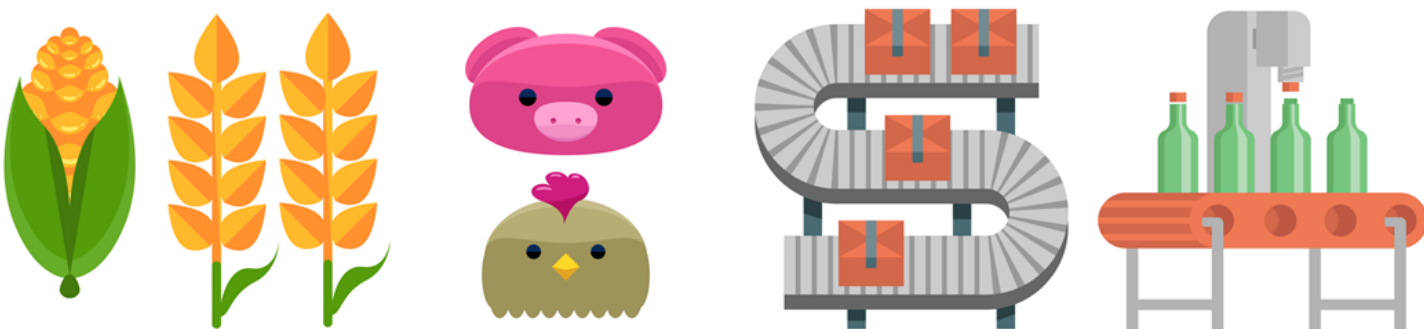
LEADING FACTOR

Heavy industries



BRIDGING FACTOR

Light industries



BASE

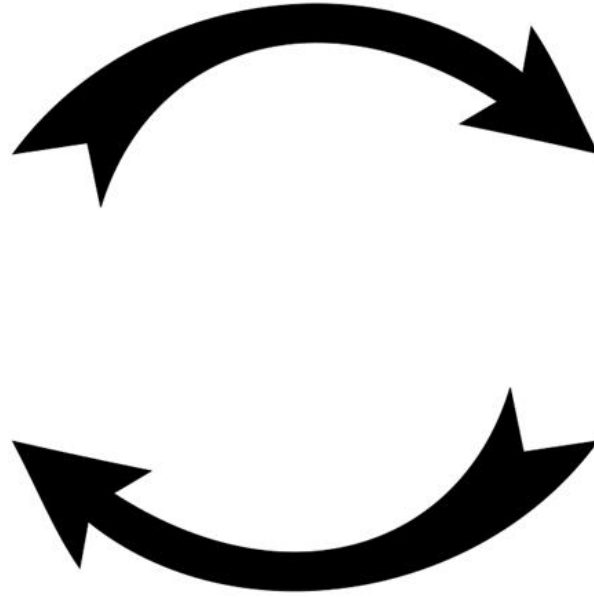
Modern and mechanized
agriculture



PAMBANSA

- ✓ pagbuwag sa kolonyal na sistema ng pamumuhunan, produksyon at kalakalan
- ✓ ekonomiyang nakaasa sa sarili
- ✓ hindi layuning paunlarin ang produksyon para sa paglikha ng labis na produkto at tubo

export-oriented



import-dependent



export-oriented

import-dependent



INDUSTRIYALISASYON



mabibigat na industriya

salik sa paglikha ng mga makina at sangkap sa produksyon



intermedyong industriya

lilikha ng mga *spare parts* para sa produksyon



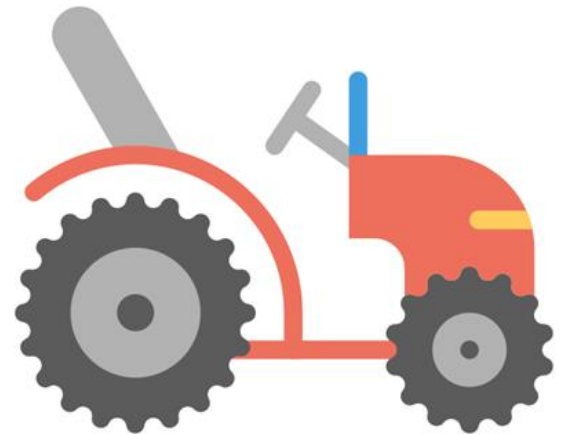
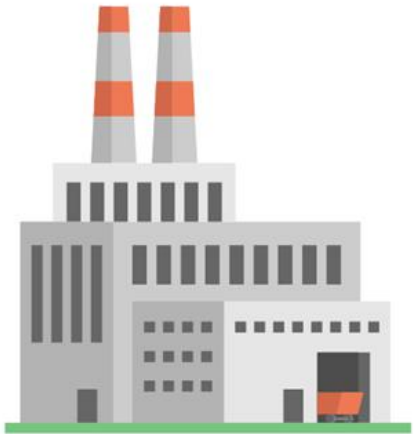
magagaan na industriya

lilikha ng mga produksyong pangkonsumo ng mamamayan

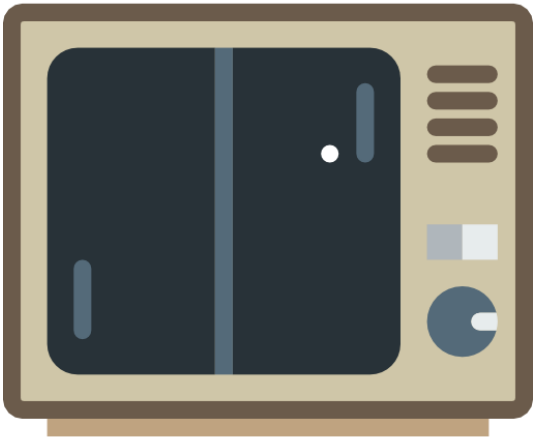
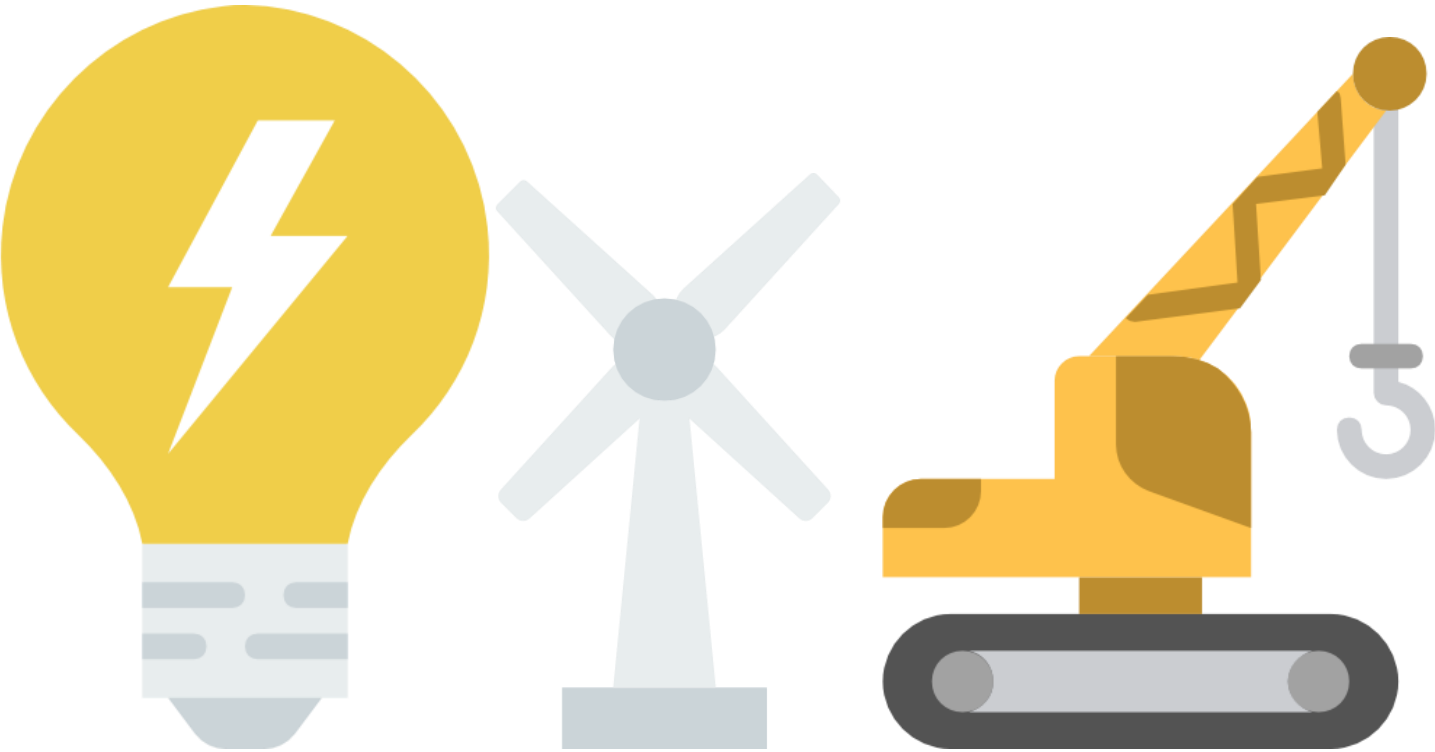




Bakit mahalagang paunlarin ang mga industriya?



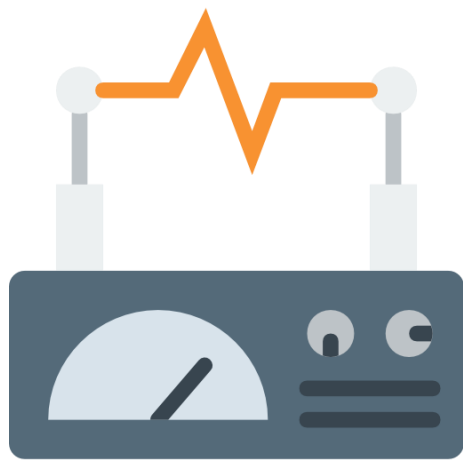
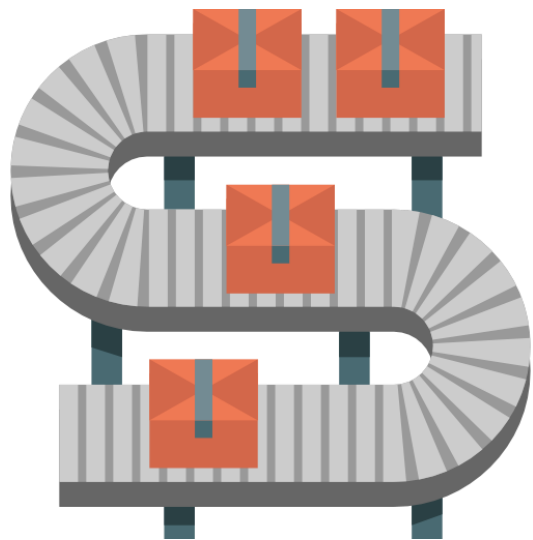
**Sa industriya nagmumula
ang mga kagamitang
kinakailangan ng
mamamayan**



**Magbibigay rin ng batayang
pangangailangan at sapat
na trabaho**



**Ang pag-unlad ng kaalaman
at teknolohiya ay
mapapabilis pang lalo sa
pag-unlad ng produksyon**



**Hindi na aasa ang bansa sa
mga likhang produktong
imported**

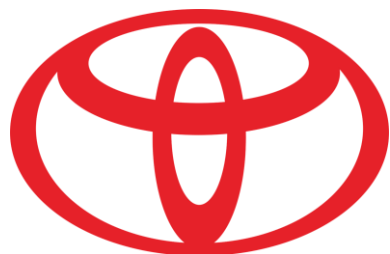
MONSANTO



SONY



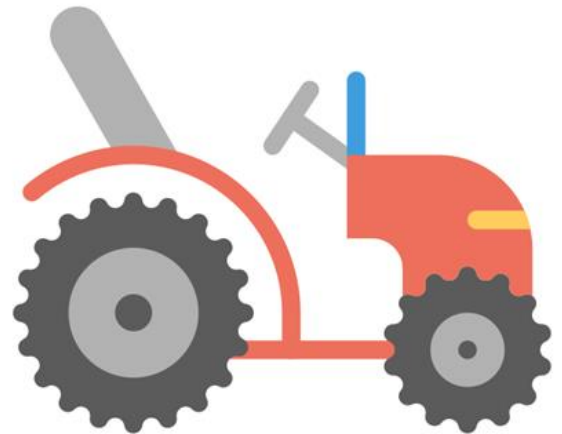
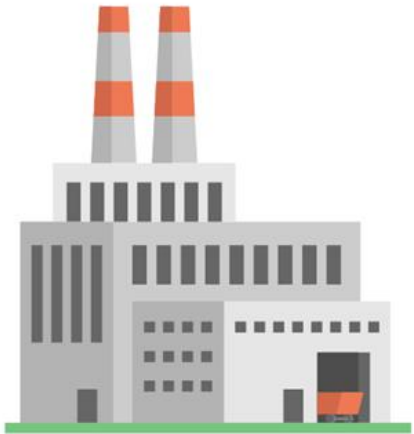
HONDA



Nestlé



Kaya ba nating mag-industriyalisa?

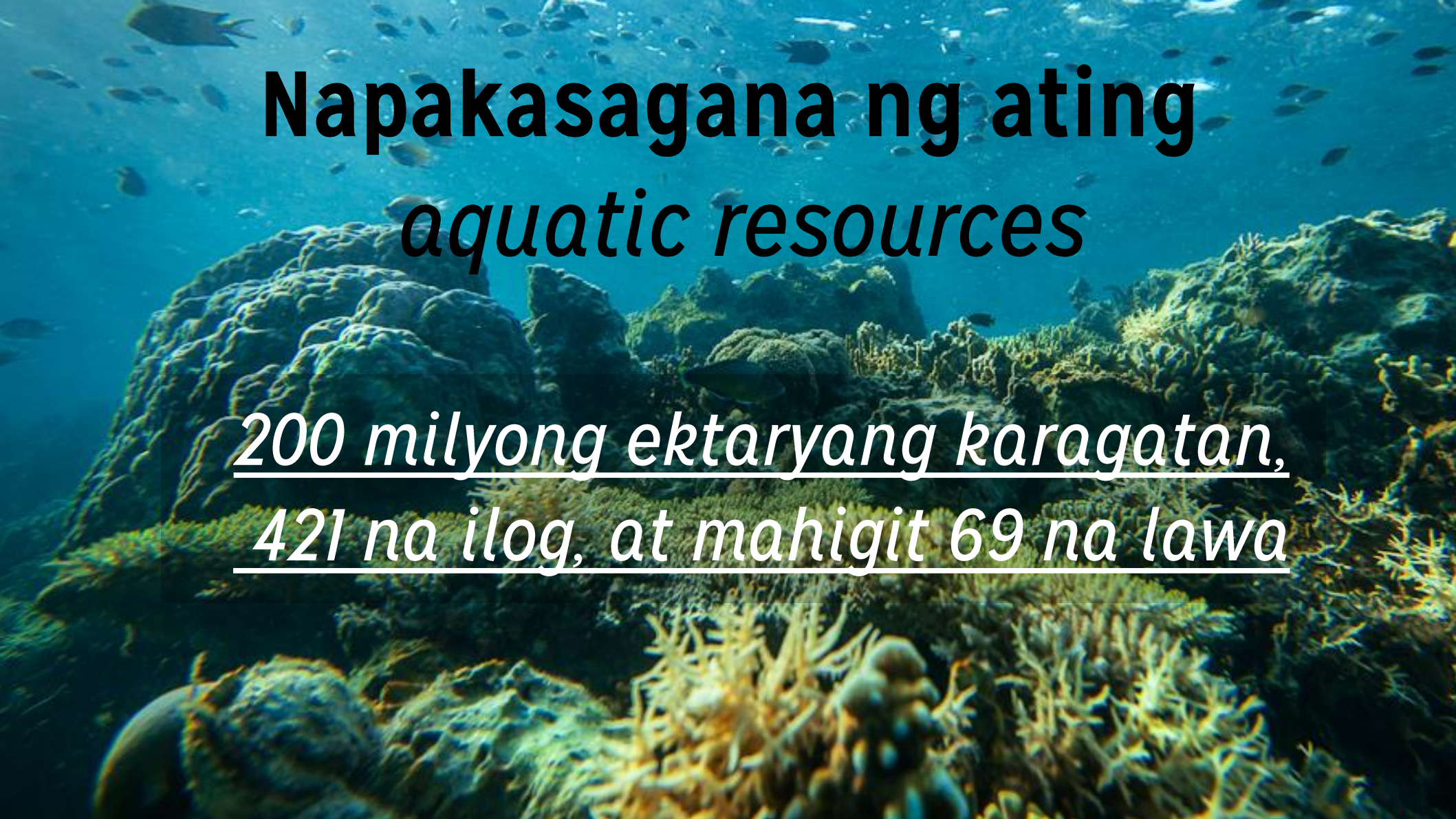


Malawak na kalupaan sa bansa

Mataba at pabor sa agrikultura



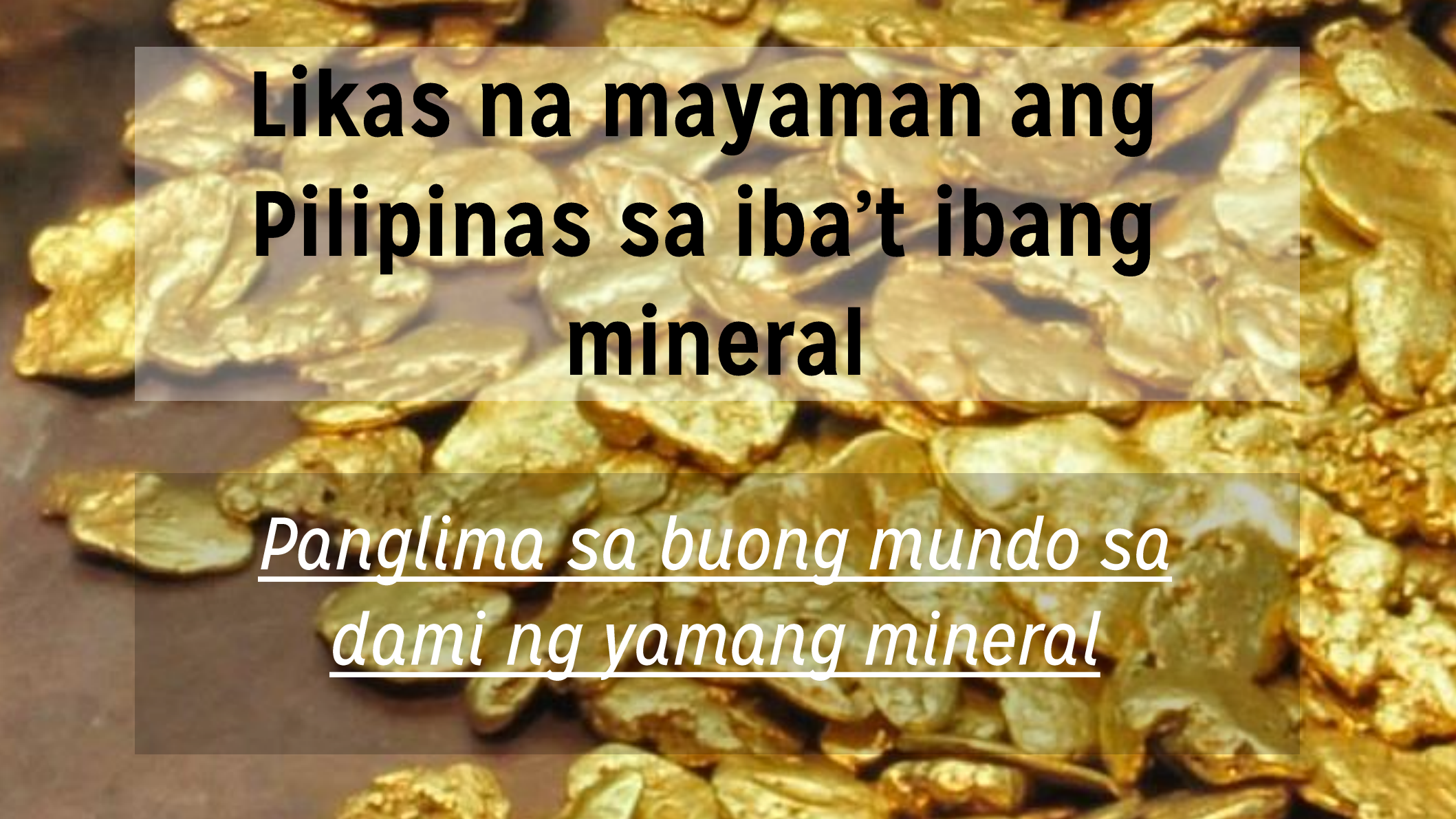
**Mahigit 12.4M ektaryang lupang
agrikultural ang tinataniman ng palay,
niyog, mais, saging, tubo, cassava,
mangga, rubber at iba pa**

A vibrant underwater photograph of a coral reef. The scene is filled with various types of coral, including branching and table corals, in shades of yellow, orange, and green. Numerous small, dark fish are swimming in the clear blue water above the reef. The lighting is bright, suggesting a sunny day at the surface.

Napakasagana ng ating *aquatic resources*

200 milyong ektaryang karagatan,
421 na ilog, at mahigit 69 na lawa

**Noong 2011, ikalima ang Pilipinas sa
prodyuser ng isda sa buong mundo.**



**Likas na mayaman ang
Pilipinas sa iba't ibang
mineral**

*Panglima sa buong mundo sa
dami ng yamang mineral*

Aabot sa 58.1 bilyong metro tonelada
Ang reserbang mineral sa bansa.

Ikatatlo tayo sa pagprodyus ng ginto,
ika-apat sa copper, ikalima sa nickel,
at ika-anim sa chromite sa buong mundo.

Maraming mapagkukunan ng enerhiya

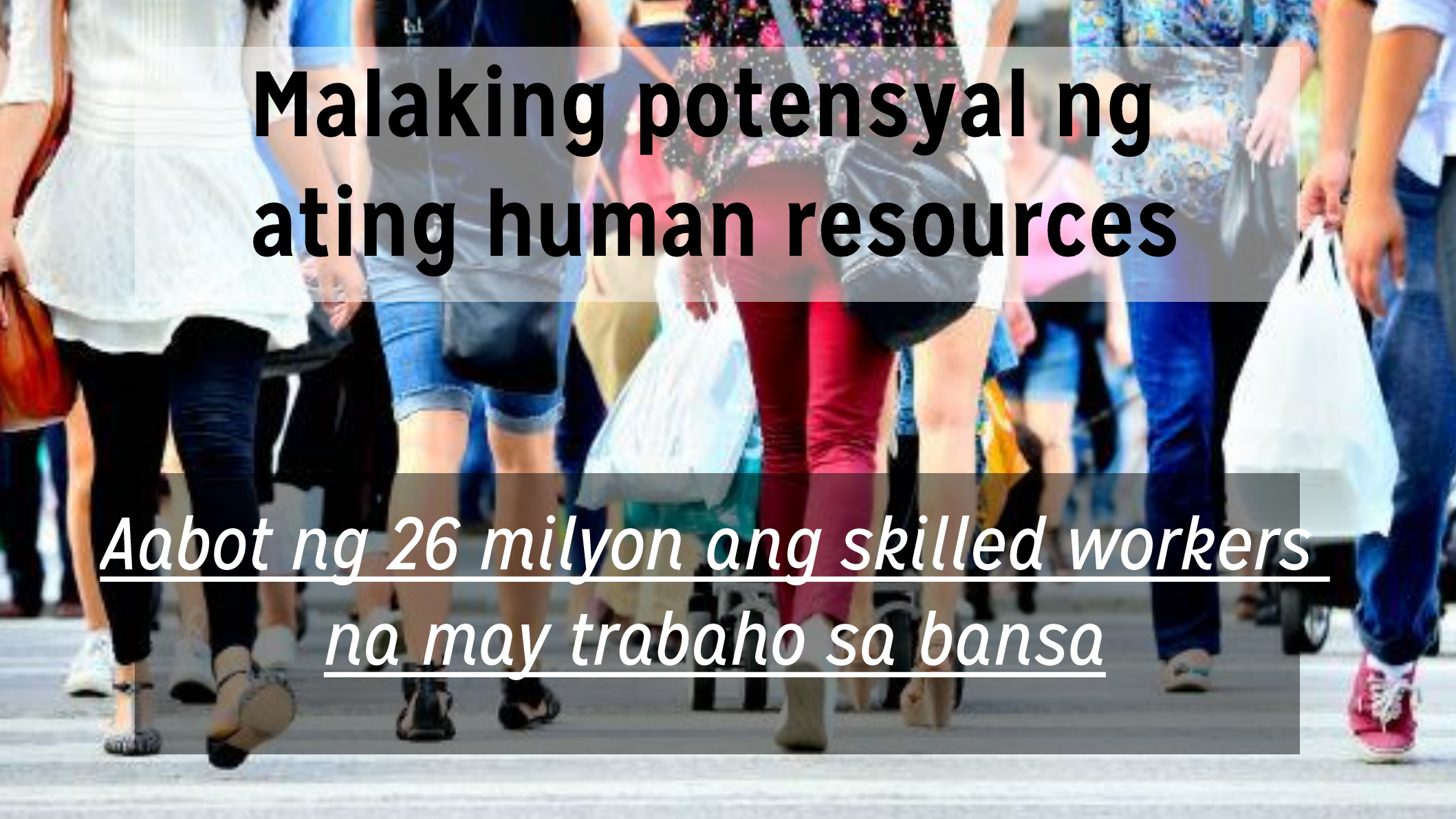
Natural gas, geothermal,
hydrothermal, solar, wind



Tinatayang aabot sa 39.5T cubic feet ang reserbang natural gas ng bansa.

Sa geotherma resources naman ay aaring umabot sa 2,600MW ang maaaring malikhang enerhiya.

Maari ring pagkunan ng hydrothermal energy ang mahigit na 400 na ilog sa bansa. Sa taya, aabot ng 10,097MW ang potential energy na pwedeng ma-generate mula sa ating mga hydropower plants.

A photograph of a diverse crowd of people walking on a city street. Many are carrying shopping bags, suggesting a busy commercial area. The image is used as a background for the text.

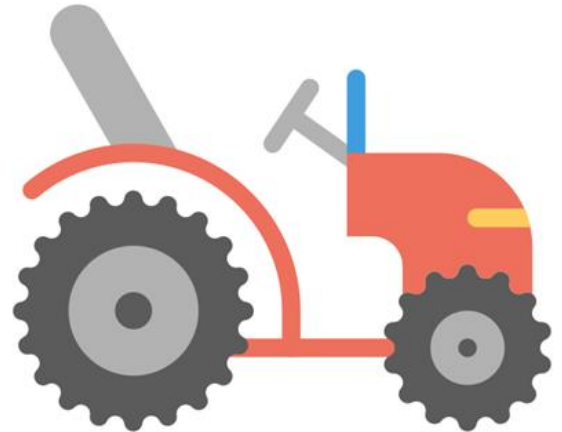
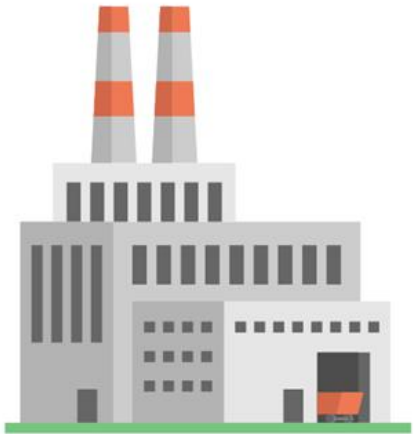
Malaking potensyal ng ating human resources

Aabot ng 26 milyon ang skilled workers
na may trabaho sa bansa

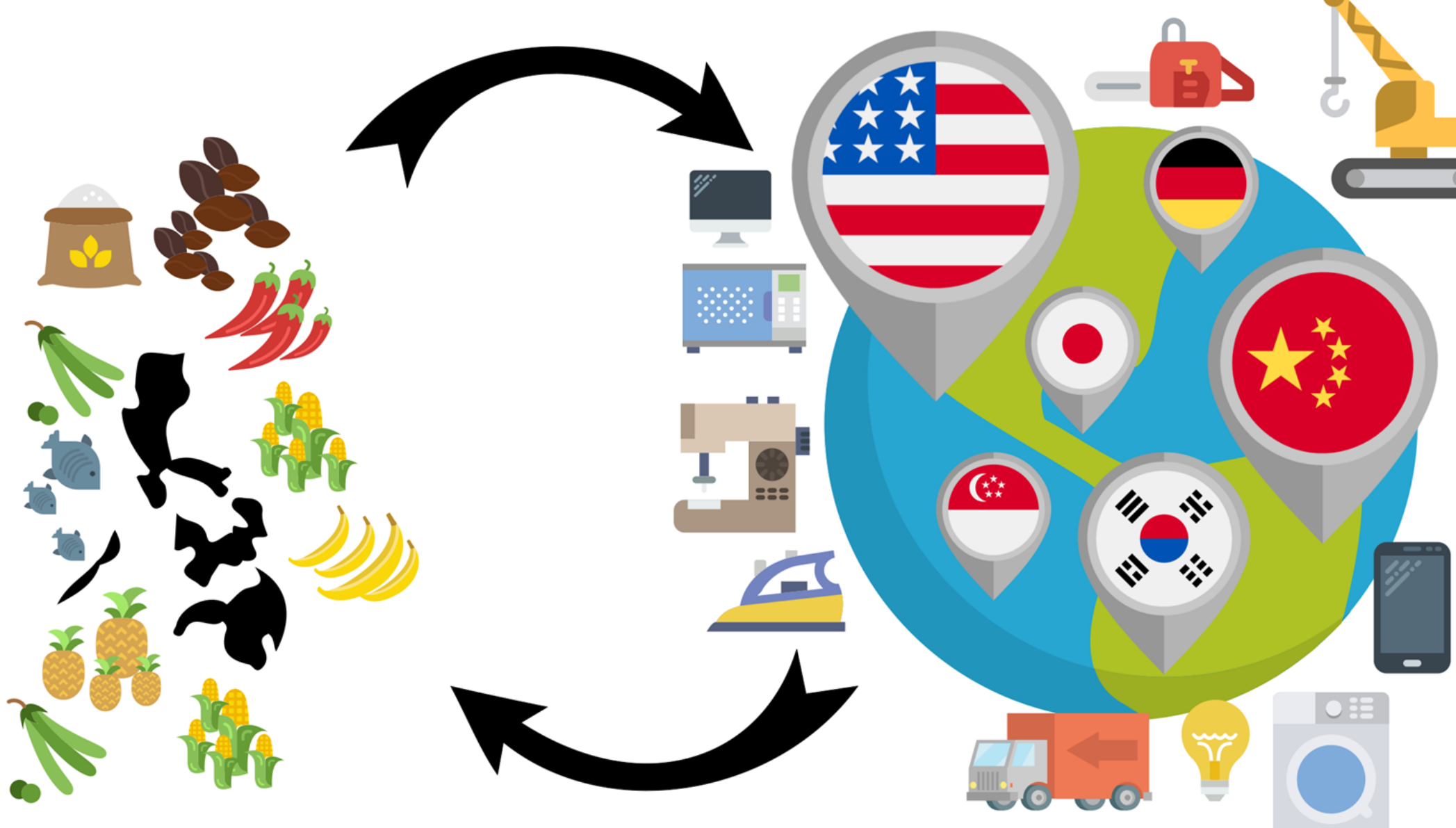
Sa 26M na skilled workers ng bansa, 2 milyon dito ay mga propesyunal.

Wala pa rito ang mga pwera sa produksyon na hindi makakuha o hindi makapagtrabaho.

Ano ang balakid sa pagtataguyod ng NI sa Pilipinas?

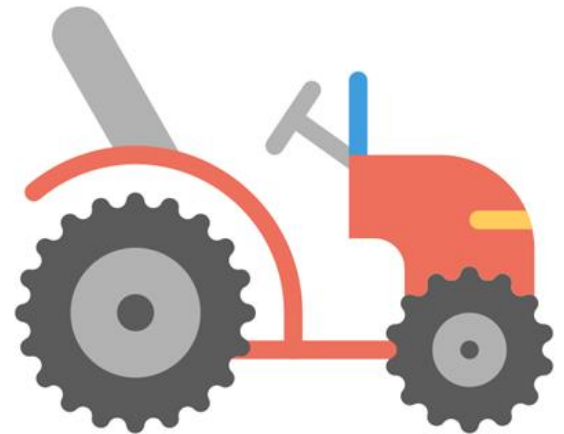
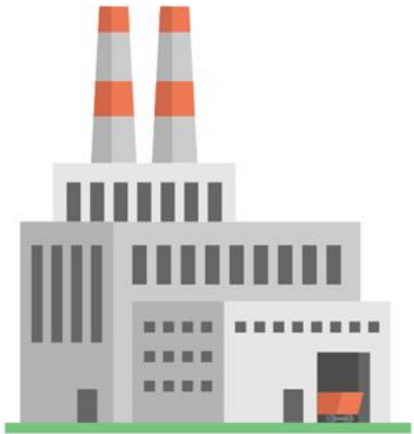


Hinubog ang ating ekonomiya ng mga malalaking bansa, lalo na ang US, upang maging supplier ng hilaw na materyales at lakas paggawa sa kanilang bayan

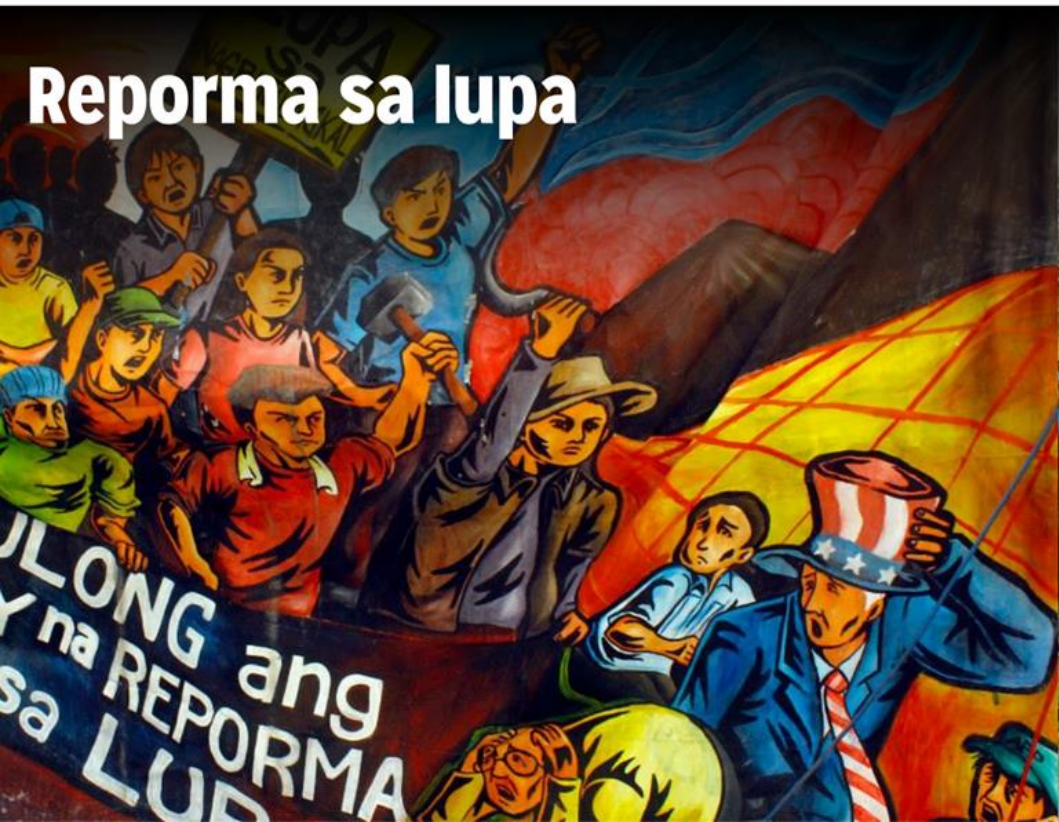


**Sa ganitong kalagayan, nawalan ng
pagkakataon na sumigla ang mga
lokal na industriya ng bansa.**

Paano isasagawa ang NI sa Pilipinas?



Pagpapaunlad ng agrikultura



Pagtatayo ng mabibigat na industriya

Industriya ng bakal



Industriya ng langis



Pagpapatibay at pag-reorient sa mga magagagaan na industriya

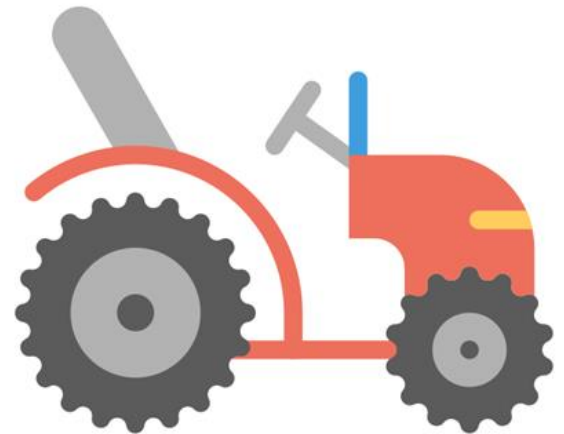
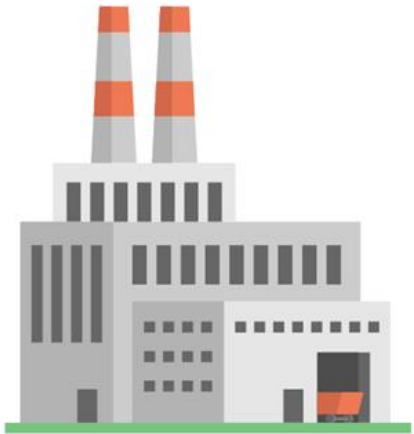
textile and garment



food processing



Paano mapapaunlad ang S&T sa ilalim ng NI?



Bansot at atrasado ang kalagayan ng science and technology (S&T) sa Pilipinas.

Isang sanhi nito ay ang kawalan ng batayang mga industriya na sana'y mangangailangan ng bagong kaalaman at kagamitan para sa pagpapahusay ng produksyon.



Do the math: Why Filipino students don't fit the Asian stereotype

By: [Edson C. Tandoc Jr.](#) - [@inquirerdotnet](#)

Philippine Daily Inquirer / 01:06 AM August 05, 2012

YOU ARE AT: [Home](#) » [Featured Columns](#) » [Science education realities](#)

Science education realities

BY THE MANILA TIMES ON MAY 28, 2014



Apart from a few universities that shifted their calendar to August, the new school year has started in elementary and high school in a few days. Nothing much has changed as student-teacher and school facilities have not improved. We expect worse in Yolanda-devastated areas where even basic housing

Classrooms are scarce, but the situation for science laboratories is even worse. The serious lack of science laboratories in both elementary and high schools all over the country is evident. In regions III, IV-A, X, XI, and XII, only one school has a science laboratory out of 10 schools. In the National Capital region, this ratio is 3 laboratories for every 10 elementary schools. In the other regions don't have any science laboratory to facilitate science learning.



CBN NEWS

[BUSINESS](#)[OVERSEAS](#)[ENTERTAINMENT](#)[LIFE](#)[SPORTS](#)[TRENDING](#)[WEATHER](#)

[Home](#) > [Business](#)

Philippine education ranked 'poor'

By [Max V. de Leon](#), [Business Mirror](#)

Posted at Jun 15 2011 06:51 AM | Updated as of Jun 15 2011 06:17 PM

**Ipauuna ang prayoridad sa
pag-aakumula ng lokal na teknolohiya
at kaalaman**

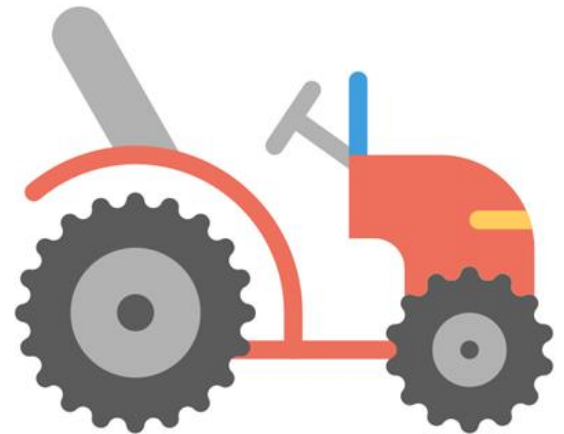
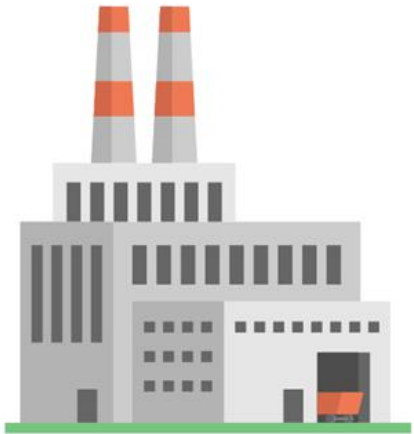
**Susi rito ang matibay na suporta
ng gubyrerno—mula sa pagpondo sa
edukasyong pang-agham, sa
pananaliksik, hanggang sa pag-aalaga
sa kapakanan ng mga siyentista**



UPHOLD
the rights of
S&T workers!

FIGHT
for higher research
and development budget
in the Philippines!

Mahahalagang punto na dapat isaalang-alang sa NI





Kailangan ang maayos at masusing pag-aaral, pagpapalano at pagpapatakbo ng ekonomiya.

Dapat nakabatay sa pangangailangan ng mamamayan at hindi sa dayuhan.



**Siguraduhin ang matalino at
likas-kayang paggamit ng
mga rekursong
pangkalian.**

Iwasan ang lahat ng mapandambong
na gawi sa industriya ng pagmimina,
pagtotroso at iba pa.



Respetuhin ang karapatan ng mamamayan para sa ligtas at mapayapang pamumuhay.

Kabilang dito ang karapatan ng pambansang minorya na magpasya sa sarili at lumahok sa pagpapalano sa ekonomiya.



Paunlarin at payabungin ang ekonomiyang rural.

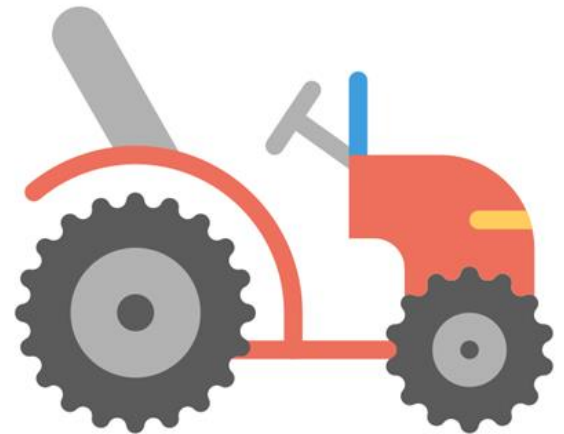
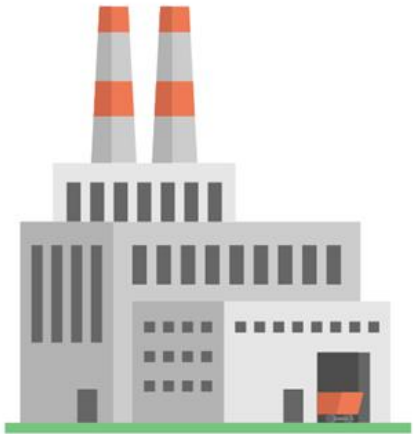
Kaugnay ng tunay na reporma sa lupa,
ang NI ay mangangahuugan ng pag-
desentralisa ng kaunlaran mula
sentrong urban patungong kanayunan.



Siguraduhin ang pantay na relasyon sa anumang papasuking kasunduang pangkalakalan sa sinumang bansa.

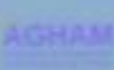
Ibasura ang mga di pantay na Kasunduang nagdudulot ng kahirapan sa mga mamamayan.

Mga dapat gawin para maisulong ang NI



**Ang tunay at makabuluhang
pagbabago ay hindi nakakamit
nang madalian.**

Nasa ating mga kamay ang pagsulong ng pagbabago—
ang pambansang industriyalisasyon.

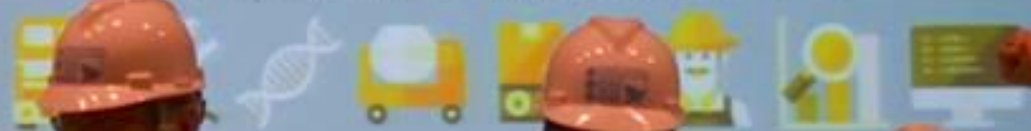


PRESENT

THE **CHANGE** WE NEED

A PUBLIC FORUM ON **NATIONAL INDUSTRIALIZATION**

University of the Philippines Diliman / September 14, 2016 / 1-5PM





MANGGAGAWA, ISULONG ANG PAGBABAGO
KONTRAKTALISASYON WAKASAN!
-KMU

ISULONG ANG USAPANG PANGKAPAYAAN
FREE ALL POLITICAL PRISONERS!
-KMU

KATIN ANG KAPAYAPAANG
NAKABATAY SA KATARUNGAN!
Bagong Alyansang Makabayan-BAYAN

MAMAMAYAN MAGKAISA!
ISULONG ANG MAKABAYAN AT DEMOKRATIKONG PAGBABAGO
Bagong Alyansang Makabayan-BAYAN

Kaugnay ng NDFP-GPH Peace Talks kung saan ang NI ang isang mayoryang laman ng agenda para sa repormang sosyo-ekonomiko, **kailangan ang maigting na pakikilahok ng mamamayan para iparinig ang ating mga panawagan sa parehong panig.**

ISULONG,
ADYENDA W/ MAMAMAYAN
PARA SA
PASABABAGO!
MUNA PARTYLIST-

RESPECT & PROTECT THE RIGHTS
OF INDIGENOUS PEOPLES & BANGSAMORO
CENTRAL LANDS
TERMINATION!

TRIBU

STOP

Blumentritt Rd

JUSTICE FOR
DISASTER
VICTIMS?
JUST DU IT!
ECO-CHALLENGE

NO MINING
ZONES?
JUST DU IT!
ECO-CHALLENGE

Carry out
agricultural
modernization
towards national
industrialization!
**SCIENTISTS
CHANGE**

**YES TO
NATIONAL
INDUSTRIES
AND ENVIRONMENTAL
PROTECTION!**
- ECO-CHALLENGE -
SCIENTISTS FOR CHANGE -

Craft a
roadmap for the
development of
science and Technology
towards
National
industrialization
**SCIENTISTS
CHANGE**

**MORATORIUM
ON COAL?
JUST DU IT!
ECO-CHALLENGE**



agham.national@gmail.com



<https://www.facebook.com/agham.org/>



(632) 282 41 29



www.agham.org